



OPERATOR'S MANUAL: HANDLING & SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



READ THE INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS IN THIS MANUAL CAREFULLY BEFORE USING THIS FIREARM. DO NOT DISCARD THIS MANUAL.

THIS MANUAL SHOULD ALWAYS ACCOMPANY THIS FIREARM AND BE TRANSFERRED WITH IT UPON CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP, OR WHEN THE FIREARM IS PRESENTED TO ANOTHER PERSON.



1.0 SAFETY WARNINGS

READ THIS ENTIRE MANUAL THOROUGHLY AND CAREFULLY PRIOR TO USING THIS FIREARM.

The warnings in this operator's manual are extremely important. By understanding the dangers inherent in the use of any firearm and by taking the precautions described in this manual, you can experience a high level of safety in the use of your firearm. Failure to heed any of these warnings may result in serious injury or death to you or others, as well as severe damage to the firearm or other property.

WARNINGS in this manual identify a clear danger to the person performing that procedure. Warnings are identified by a red banner with the word **WARNING** in white, bold, uppercase letters and a **WARNING** icon. Failure to comply with a **WARNING** can result in serious injury or death to you or a bystander.



WARNING

CAUTIONS in this manual identify a risk of damage to the firearm being maintained. **CAUTIONS** are identified by a black banner with the word **CAUTION** in white, bold, uppercase letters.

CAUTION





SIG SAUER, INC.[®] firearms are designed to function reliably with proper care and knowledgeable use. Operators must understand the safe operation and use of any SIG SAUER firearm. Read and follow these instructions carefully. Do not use the firearm without understanding the instructions outlined in this manual and the safe operation of the firearm. **Failure to follow the instructions outlined in this manual may result in serious injury or death to the operator and/or others.** Damage to the firearm and other property may also occur.

SAFETY MECHANISMS

Manual Safety

Consistent with individual operators' philosophies of use, SIG SAUER offers firearms with and without a manual safety, and the decision whether to deploy a manual safety rests with the operator. This is an important decision that must consider several factors, including the intended use of the firearm (e.g., law enforcement, defensive carry, home defense, range use, competition), level of firearms experience and training, frequency of practice, holster selection, and carry position, among others. The internal safeties of the firearm are designed to prevent it from firing without the trigger being fully pulled. When the trigger is pulled, even unintentionally—whether by a finger or foreign object—the firearm will fire as designed. When engaged, a manual safety locks the trigger and prevents it from being accidentally or intentionally pulled, providing additional protection from unintentional discharge. However, an engaged manual safety will also prevent an operator from firing their pistol even when they need it to fire if the manual safety is not first disengaged.

SIG SAUER encourages those considering the purchase of a firearm to carefully evaluate whether a manual safety would be the best choice for them.



Regardless of whether a firearm is equipped with an external manual safety, it remains the operator's obligation to continue to practice safe firearm handling. Firearms should always be treated as loaded and must be handled in a safe manner even if the firearm is equipped with a manual safety. Trigger discipline and utilizing an appropriate holster that protects the trigger when a firearm is being carried is of paramount importance even for firearms that have a manual safety (as the pistol can be carried with the safety in a disengaged condition). Be advised, however, that holsters, while offering further trigger protection, do not prevent accidental discharges as it may be possible for a foreign object to get into the holster, particularly with light-bearing holsters. Extreme caution should be taken when holstering and unholstering a pistol to ensure nothing gets into the holster. Pistol safeties, whether internal or external, should never be relied upon to excuse undisciplined handling of a firearm.

This firearm may not have a manual safety if you have made the decision, based on the factors above, to purchase a gun without a manual safety. A manual safety – when engaged -- is designed to mechanically prevent the firearm from discharging when the trigger is pulled or pressed, either intentionally or unintentionally. **THE MOST EFFECTIVE SAFETY IS TO CARRY YOUR PISTOL WITHOUT A ROUND IN THE CHAMBER, AND TO LOAD A ROUND IN THE CHAMBER ONLY WHEN READY TO FIRE.** Regardless of whether your firearm is equipped with a manual safety you must take steps to protect against unintentional movement of the trigger, particularly if you elect to carry your pistol with a round in the chamber. If you have a round is in the chamber and the trigger is pressed to the rear, the firearm will fire absent an engaged manual safety.





1.0 SAFETY WARNINGS - CONTINUED

Your firearm comes equipped with effective, well-designed safety features. However, never rely completely on any safety mechanism. Careless and improper handling of any firearm can result in an unintentional discharge.

Only your safe firearm handling habits will ensure the safe use of your firearm. Like all mechanical devices, the safety mechanisms are subject to breakage or malfunction and can be negatively affected by wear, abuse, dirt, corrosion, incorrect assembly, improper adjustment or repair, or lack of maintenance.

Moreover, there is no such thing as a safety mechanism that is "childproof" or that can completely prevent accidental discharge from improper usage, carelessness, "horseplay", or abusive handling.

The best safety is proper and applied training in safe firearm handling. Always handle your firearm as though you expect the safeties not to work.

Do not load a cartridge into the chamber until you are ready to use the firearm. If your firearm is equipped with a manual safety, keep the safety ON until you are actually ready to use the firearm. Always move the safety fully to its engaged position and visually check it. The safety is not ON unless it is completely ON.

ABUSIVE HANDLING

SIG SAUER firearms incorporate effective mechanical safeties. However, like any mechanical device, exposure to abusive conditions may have a negative effect on these safety mechanisms and cause them to fail to work as designed. Do not subject your SIG SAUER firearm to any type of abusive handling. This includes the firearm being dropped, impact to the firearm, or the firearm being struck by another object. Make sure you always maintain control of your firearm at all times. If your firearm does suffer an abusive event such as previously described, do not attempt to use the firearm. Keep the firearm pointed in a safe direction, unload and clear the firearm of all ammunition immediately, and have it inspected by a certified SIG SAUER armorer or gunsmith prior to using the firearm.



A safe direction is defined as an area in which, if the firearm were to discharge, no property damage would occur and no personal injury would result.

As previously noted, if your SIG SAUER firearm does suffer an abusive event, unload it immediately and have it inspected by a certified SIG SAUER Armorer prior to using the firearm. If your firearm suffers an abusive event during a life-threatening/self-defense situation, you must apply immediate action by:

- 1. Pulling the slide completely rearward to eject the chambered cartridge.
- 2. Releasing the slide to chamber a new cartridge and resetting the trigger mechanism. (Do not ride the slide forward).
- 3. The firearm is now returned to proper operational condition.

Intentional or repetitive abusive handling of any SIG SAUER firearm will void the manufacturer's warranty and could render the firearm unsafe.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Do not attempt to disassemble your SIG SAUER firearm beyond the point explained in this manual. Disassembly beyond the instructions in this manual is restricted to a certified SIG SAUER armorer. Failure to comply with these restrictions will void your warranty.

Warnings and instructions about the use of some SIG SAUER replacement parts, assemblies, and accessories may be described in literature accompanying the specific products. Read and carefully follow those instructions. Such warnings and instructions are provided to assure the safe functioning of the firearm. Failure to heed them may result in improper functioning, damage to the firearm, and serious injury or death to you or others.





1.0 SAFETY WARNINGS - CONTINUED

ALTERATIONS

This SIG SAUER firearm was designed to function properly in its original condition. Unauthorized alterations can make it unsafe. Do not alter any part or add or substitute any parts or accessories not manufactured by SIG SAUER for this pistol. The addition of any parts or accessories beyond the user level of maintenance described in this manual is not authorized.

HOLSTERS

Another important factor in safely carrying your pistol is holster selection. Properly designed holsters should protect your trigger from being contacted inadvertently. However, different holsters provide different levels of trigger security, and it is your responsibility to ensure the holster you select adequately protects the trigger when the firearm is holstered.

For example, holsters designed to accept firearms equipped with a tactical light generally have large openings to accommodate the bezel of the light, rendering the trigger area of the holstered firearm accessible to foreign objects or fingers. Make sure you are familiar with the protections your holster provides before you carry your pistol and familiarize yourself with all warnings and instructions that are provided by the holster manufacturer.

If you carry your pistol while seated in a vehicle, whether you are the driver or the passenger, you must ensure that the holster protects the pistol from any surrounding features or devices in the vehicle that could interfere with the safe carry of the pistol. For example, ensure you can enter and exit the vehicle without the seat belts becoming snagged on the firearm or the holster.

ACCESSORIES

It is your responsibility to ensure that all accessories, such as holsters and firearm-mounted lights, are compatible with this firearm and that the accessories do not interfere with the safe operation and handling of the firearm.



TRANSPORTING

When transporting your firearm, be sure the firearm is unloaded and cleared of all ammunition. It is your responsibility to familiarize yourself with the laws of any state you will be traveling through with your firearm.

STORAGE

The only safe way to store your firearm is unloaded, cleared of all ammunition, and secure. Safe and secure storage is one of your most important responsibilities. Store your unloaded firearm separate from your ammunition and in places inaccessible to children or unauthorized persons.

CHAMBER SAFETY FLAG

Every SIG SAUER firearm is shipped with a chamber safety flag. The chamber safety flag prevents the chambering of a round when installed and provides a readily visible indication that the firearm's chamber is empty. The chamber safety flag is to be installed in the firearm's chamber at all times when the firearm is not in use. Many public ranges require chamber safety flags be installed when the firing line is cold.

LIABILITY

PISTOLS are classified as FIREARMS and are sold by SIG SAUER with the specific understanding that we shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for malfunctioning of the firearm, physical injury, or property damage resulting in whole or in part from:

- · Criminal or negligent discharge
- · Improper, careless, or abusive handling
- · Unauthorized modifications or parts replacement
- · Defective, improper, hand-loaded, or reloaded ammunition
- Corrosion
- Neglect
- Other influences beyond our direct and immediate control





This limitation applies regardless of whether liability is asserted on the basis of contract, negligence, or strict liability (including any failure to warn). Under no circumstance shall SIG SAUER, Inc. be liable for incidental or consequential damages such as loss of use of property, commercial loss, and loss of earnings or profits.

BASIC RULES OF SAFE FIREARMS HANDLING

- 1. ALWAYS treat every firearm as if it were loaded.
- 2. ALWAYS be sure the barrel is clear of any obstruction.
- 3. ALWAYS be sure of your backstop, what lies beyond, and the safety of bystanders before you shoot.
- 4. ALWAYS use clean, dry, original factory-made ammunition of the proper type and caliber for your firearm.
- 5. ALWAYS wear ear protection and safety glasses when shooting.
- 6. ALWAYS carry your firearm so that you can control the direction of the muzzle if you fall or stumble.
- 7. NEVER shoot at a flat surface or water.
- 8. DO NOT leave a loaded firearm unattended. Firearms and ammunition should be stored separately, locked if possible, beyond the reach of children, careless adults, or unauthorized users.
- 9. NEVER allow your firearm to be used by anyone who has not read and understood this Operator's manual.
- 10. DO NOT point any firearm, loaded or unloaded, at any undesired or unsafe target.
- 11. NEVER discharge your firearm near an animal unless the animal is trained to accept the noise. An animal's startled reaction could injure it or cause an accident.
- 12. NEVER drink alcoholic beverages or use drugs before or during shooting, as your vision and judgment could be seriously impaired, making your firearm handling unsafe.



1.1 EYE AND EAR PROTECTION



Always wear safety glasses that meet the requirements of American National Standards Institute (ANSI) z87.1 and ear plugs and "earmuff"-type protectors whenever you are shooting. Always make certain that persons close to you are similarly protected. Unprotected eyes may be injured by powder, gas, carbon residue, lubricant, metallic particles, or similar debris that may emanate occasionally from any firearm in normal use. Without ear protection, repeated exposure to shooting noise may lead to cumulative, permanent hearing loss.

1.2 AMMUNITION

Use only high-quality, original, factory-manufactured ammunition. Do not use cartridges that are dirty, wet, corroded, bent, or damaged. Do not oil cartridges. Do not spray aerosol-type lubricants, preservative, or cleaners directly onto cartridges or where excess spray may flow into contact with cartridges. Lubricant or other foreign matter on cartridges can cause potentially dangerous ammunition malfunctions. Use only ammunition of the caliber for which your firearm is chambered. The proper caliber is permanently engraved on your firearm's barrel. Only use ammunition of that caliber.

The use of reloaded, "re-manufactured" hand-loaded, or other nonstandard ammunition voids all warranties. Reloading is a science and improperly loaded ammunition can be extremely dangerous.

Severe damage to the firearm and serious injury or death to the shooter or to others may result. Always use ammunition that complies with the industry performance standards established by the Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers' Institute, Inc. (SAAMI) or ammunition manufactured to U.S. military specifications.





1.2 AMMUNITION - CONTINUED

SIG SAUER, Inc. specifically disclaims responsibility for any damage or injury whatsoever occurring in connection with, or as a result of, the use in any SIG SAUER firearm of faulty, nonstandard, "remanufactured" hand-loaded (reloaded) ammunition, or cartridges other than those for which the firearm was originally chambered.

Firearms may be severely damaged and serious injury or death to the shooter or to others may result from any condition causing excessive pressure inside the chamber or barrel during firing. Excessive pressure can be caused by obstructions in the barrel, propellant powder overloads, the use of incorrect cartridges, or defectively assembled cartridges. In addition, the use of a dirty, corroded, or damaged cartridge can lead to a burst cartridge case and consequent damage to the firearm and personal injury from the sudden escape of high-pressure propellant gas within the firearm's mechanism.

OBSTRUCTED BORE

Immediately stop shooting, keep the pistol pointed in a safe direction whenever:

- · You have difficulty in, or feel unusual resistance in, chambering a cartridge;
- · A cartridge misfires (does not go off);
- · The mechanism fails to extract a fired cartridge case;
- · Unburned grains of propellant powder are discovered spilled in the mechanism;
- A shot sounds weak or abnormal. It is possible that a bullet is lodged part way down the barrel.
- Firing a subsequent bullet into the obstructed barrel can damage the firearm and cause serious injury to the shooter or to bystanders.



1.2 AMMUNITION - CONTINUED

Bullets can become lodged in the barrel when:

- The cartridge has been improperly loaded without propellant powder, or if the powder fails to ignite (ignition of the cartridge primer alone will push the bullet out of the cartridge case, but usually does not generate sufficient energy to expel the bullet completely from the barrel);
- The bullet is not properly seated in the cartridge case. When such a cartridge is extracted from the chamber without being fired, the bullet may be left behind in the bore at the point where the rifling begins. Subsequent chambering of another cartridge may push the first bullet further into the bore.

If there is any reason to suspect that a bullet is obstructing the barrel, immediately unload and clear the firearm. Field strip the pistol and look through the bore of the barrel. It is not sufficient to merely look in the chamber. A bullet may be lodged some distance down the barrel where it cannot easily be seen.

If a bullet is in the bore, do not attempt to shoot it out by using another cartridge or by blowing it out with a blank or a cartridge from which the bullet has been removed. Such techniques can generate excessive pressure, damage the firearm, and cause serious personal injury or death.

If the bullet can be removed by tapping it with a cleaning rod, clean any unburned powder grains from the bore, chamber, and mechanism, before resuming shooting. If the bullet cannot be dislodged by tapping it with a cleaning rod, take the firearm to a certified SIG SAUER Armorer. Dirt, corrosion, or other foreign matter on a cartridge can impede chambering and may cause the cartridge case to burst upon firing. A damaged or deformed cartridge may also impede chambering or cause the cartridge case to burst upon firing.





Do not lubricate cartridges, and be sure to wipe the chamber clean of any oil or preservative before shooting. Oil interferes with the friction between cartridge case and chamber wall that is necessary for safe functioning, and subjects the firearm to stress similar to that imposed by excessive pressure.

Use lubricants sparingly on the moving parts of your firearm. Avoid excessive spraying of any aerosol gun care product, especially where it might get on ammunition. All lubricants and aerosol spray lubricants in particular can penetrate cartridge primers and cause misfires. Some highly penetrative lubricants can also migrate inside cartridge cases and cause deterioration of the propellant powder; on firing, the powder might not ignite. If only the primer ignites, there is danger that the bullet may become lodged in the barrel.

Death, serious injury, and damage to the firearm can result from the use of wrong ammunition, bore obstructions, powder overloads, or incorrect cartridge components. Always wear shooting glasses and hearing protectors.



WARNING: CANCER AND REPRODUCTIVE HARM—www.P65warnings.ca.gov



DISCHARGING FIREARMS IN POORLY VENTILATED AREAS, CLEANING FIREARMS, OR HANDLING AMMUNITION MAY RESULT IN EXPOSURE TO LEAD AND OTHER SUBSTANCES KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, REPRODUCTIVE HARM, AND OTHER SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY. MAINTAIN ADEQUATE VENTILATION AT ALL TIMES. WASH HANDS THOROUGHLY AFTER EXPOSURE. SHOOTING OR CLEANING FIREARMS MAY EXPOSE YOU TO LEAD.



1.3 STATE-BY-STATE WARNINGS

Certain states require, by law, that their own specified warning notices, in larger than-normal type be conspicuously included by the manufacturer, distributor, or retail dealer with firearms sold in that state. SIG SAUER sells its products in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Because our products may be sold in these states, we include the following:



Firearms must be handled responsibly and securely stored to prevent access by children and other unauthorized users. California has strict laws pertaining to firearms, and you may be fined or imprisoned if you fail to comply with them. Visit the Web site of the California Attorney General at https://oag. ca.gov/firearms for information on firearm laws applicable to you and how you can comply. Prevent child access by always keeping guns locked away and unloaded when not in use. If you keep a loaded firearm where a child obtains and improperly uses it, you may be fined or sent to prison."

If you or someone you know is contemplating suicide, please call the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline at 1-800-273 TALK (8255).



Las armas de fuego deben manipularse de manera responsable y segura para evitar el acceso de niños y otros usuarios no autorizados. California tiene leyes estrictas relacionadas con armas de fuego, y usted puede ser multado o encarcelado si no las cumple. Visite el sitio web del fiscal general de california en https://oag.ca.gov/firearms para obtener información sobre las leyes de armas de fuego que son aplicables y cómo puede cumplirlas. Evite el acceso de niños manteniendo siempre las armas bloqueadas y descargadas cuando no estén en uso. Si mantiene un arma de fuego cargada donde un niño la puede obtener y la usa indebidamente, se le puede multar o enviar a prisión.

Si usted o alguien que conoce está contemplando el suicidio, llame a la Línea Nacional de Prevención del Suicidio al 1-800-273 TALK (8255).





CONNECTICUT:

"UNLAWFUL STORAGE OF A LOADED FIREARM MAY RESULT IN IMPRISONMENT OR FINE."

FLORIDA:

"IT IS UNLAWFUL, AND PUNISHABLE BY IMPRISONMENT AND FINE, FOR ANY ADULT TO STORE OR LEAVE A FIREARM IN ANY PLACE WITHIN THE REACH OR EASY ACCESS OF A MINOR UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE OR TO KNOWINGLY SELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER OWNERSHIP OR POSSESSION OF A FIREARM TO A MINOR OR A PERSON OF UNSOUND MIND."

MAINE:

"ENDANGERING THE WELFARE OF A CHILD IS A CRIME. IF YOU LEAVE A FIREARM AND AMMUNITION WITHIN EASY ACCESS OF A CHILD, YOU MAY BE SUBJECT TO FINE, IMPRISONMENT OR BOTH. KEEP FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION SEPARATE. KEEP FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION LOCKED UP. USE TRIGGER LOCKS."

MARYLAND:

"WARNING: CHILDREN CAN OPERATE FIREARMS WHICH MAY CAUSE DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY. IT IS A CRIME TO STORE OR LEAVE A LOADED FIREARM IN ANY LOCATION WHERE AN INDIVIDUAL KNEW OR SHOULD HAVE KNOWN THAT AN UNSUPERVISED MINOR WOULD GAIN ACCESS TO THE FIREARM. STORE YOUR FIREARM RESPONSIBLY!"



MASSACHUSETTS:

"WARNING FROM THE MASSACHUSETTS ATTORNEY GENERAL: This handgun is not equipped with a device that fully blocks use by unauthorized users. More than 200,000 firearms like this one are stolen from their owners every year in the United States. In addition, there are more than a thousand suicides each year by younger children and teenagers who get access to firearms. Hundreds more die from accidental discharge. It is likely that many more children sustain serious wounds, or inflict such wounds accidentally on others. In order to limit the chance of such misuse, it is imperative that you keep this weapon locked in a secure place and take other steps necessary to limit the possibility of theft or accident. Failure to take reasonable preventative steps may result in innocent lives being lost, and in some circumstances may result in your liability for these deaths."







MASSACHUSETTS: - Continued

"IT IS UNLAWFUL TO STORE OR KEEP A FIREARM, PISTOL, SHOTGUN OR MACHINE GUN IN ANY PLACE UNLESS THAT WEAPON IS EQUIPPED WITH A TAMPER RESISTANT SAFETY DEVICE OR IS STORED OR KEPT IN A SECURELY LOCKED CONTAINER."

NEW JERSEY:

"IT IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE TO LEAVE A LOADED FIREARM WITHIN EASY ACCESS OF A MINOR."

NEW YORK CITY, NY:

"THE USE OF A LOCKING DEVICE OR SAFETY LOCK IS ONLY ONE ASPECT OF RESPONSIBLE FIREARMS STORAGE. FOR INCREASED SAFETY, FIREARMS SHOULD BE STORED UNLOADED AND LOCKED IN A LOCATION THAT IS BOTH SEPARATE FROM THEIR AMMUNITION AND INACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN AND OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS."



NORTH CAROLINA:

Any person who resides in the same premises as a minor, owns or possesses a firearm, and stores or leaves the firearm (i) in a condition that the firearm can be discharged and (ii) in a manner that the person knew or should have known that an unsupervised minor would be able to gain access to the firearm, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor if a minor gains access to the firearm without the lawful permission of the minor's parents or a person having charge of the minor and the minor:

- (1) Possesses it in violation of G.S. 14-269.2(b)
- (2) Exhibits it in a public place in a careless, angry, or threatening manner;
- (3) Causes personal injury or death with it not in self defense; or
- (4) Uses it in the commission of a crime.

TEXAS:

"IT IS UNLAWFUL TO STORE, TRANSPORT, OR ABANDON AN UNSECURED FIREARM IN A PLACE WHERE CHILDREN ARE LIKELY TO BE AND CAN OBTAIN ACCESS TO THE FIREARM."

WISCONSIN:

"IF YOU LEAVE A LOADED FIREARM WITHIN THE REACH OR EASY ACCESS OF A CHILD YOU MAY BE FINED OR IMPRISONED OR BOTH IF THE CHILD IMPROPERLY DISCHARGES, POSSESSES, OR EXHIBITS THE FIREARM."

Please check with your licensed retailer, state police, or local police for additional warnings, which may be required by local law or regulation. Such regulations change constantly, and local authorities are in the best position to advise you on such legal matters.





1.4 LOCKING DEVICES



All firearms are originally shipped with a key-operated locking device, except for Custom Works firearms that are shipped with a lockable case.

Although it can help provide secure storage for your unloaded firearm, any locking device can fail.

All firearms are designed to fire if they are loaded and the trigger is pressed.

Therefore, never install the locking device inside the trigger guard or in any way that makes it possible to press the trigger! Do not leave the keys in the lock.

The ultimate responsibility for secure storage of any firearm must depend upon its owner and his or her individual circumstances.

Firearms should be stored unloaded, in a secure location, separate from their ammunition.

To maximize effectiveness and reduce the chances of malfunction or damage to a firearm, ALWAYS refer to the locking device's manufacturer directions for installation and removal of the device.



1.5 SAFETY INFORMATION

This operator's manual is designed to assist you in learning how to use and care for your SIG SAUER® firearm properly.

Only when you are certain that you fully understand this manual and can properly carry out its instructions, should you practice loading and firing your firearm with live ammunition. Having a firearm in your possession is a full-time job; you cannot guess and you cannot forget. You must know how to use your firearm safely.

If you have any doubts about your ability to handle or use this firearm safely, you should seek supervised instruction.

The SIG SAUER Academy provides all levels of firearms safety and skill training, from beginner to expert.



sigsaueracademy.com • (603) 610-3400 Epping, New Hampshire

SAFETY MUST BE THE FIRST AND CONSTANT CONSIDERATION OF EVERY PERSON WHO HANDLES FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.

For more information about safety, responsible firearms ownership, and shooting sports, contact: National Rifle Association (NRA) of America 11250 Waples Mill Road, Fairfax, VA 22030-7400 • 1-800-672-3888 nra.com



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2.0 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIREARM

2.1.1 GENERAL

The SIG SAUER P365 pistol is a modern handgun incorporating the latest technical advances in firearm design for military, law enforcement, and sporting use. The P365 is offered in .380 and 9mm. The P365 is a mechanically locked, short-recoil-operated, striker-fired pistol with semi-automatic reloading. Firing takes place with each press of the trigger until the magazine is empty. The slide remains open after the last round has been fired from the magazine.

Scan the QR code to visit sigsauer.com where you will find additional information about SIG SAUER products, SIG SAUER Academy and the SIG Experience Center, Special Programs, and additional support.





2.1.2 PRINCIPAL FEATURES

- The striker safety lock and disconnect safety ensure safe carrying of the firearm and provide instant readiness without actuating a manual safety unless so equipped.
- Distinctive high-contrast sights, in conjunction with the ergonomically correct grip, ensure rapid target acquisition and engagement, even under poor lighting conditions.
- The magazine catch can be reconfigured for left or right hand operation.
- The P365 grip module has a feature enabling the attachment of SIG SAUER tactical accessories.
- The closed design of the pistol helps keep dirt and other debris from entering the pistol, reducing the likelihood of a malfunction in harsh environmental conditions.
- All P365 models, except P365 SAS, are offered with optional ambidextrous manual safeties.
- California compliant models feature a magazine disconnect mechanism in addition to a manual safety and a CA-compliant grip module.



2.2 MAIN COMPONENTS AND OPERATOR CONTROLS (STANDARD CONTROLS)





TABLE 1. OPERATOR CONTROLS AND FEATURES					
1	Front Sight	The means of aiming the pistol.			
2	Slide	Houses extractor, striker assembly, and sights.			
3	Takedown Lever	Allows the slide to be removed from the frame.			
4	Slide Catch Lever	Locks slide to rear upon firing of last cartridge. Can be used to manually lock slide to rear for maintenance.			
5	Rear Sight	The means of aiming the pistol.			
6	Extractor	Pulls spent casings or cartridges out of the chamber of the barrel.			
7	Barrel	Houses cartridge for firing and directs projectile.			
8	Grip Module	Supports frame assembly and magazine			
9	Trigger	Actuates the internal components to fire the pistol when pressed to the rear.			
10	Magazine	Holds and positions cartridges in place for feeding.			
11	Magazine Catch	Locks magazine into grip module. Releases magazine when pressed. Reversible			



2.3 MAIN COMPONENTS AND OPERATOR CONTROLS (P365 SAS)





TABL	TABLE 2. OPERATOR CONTROLS AND FEATURES (P365 SAS)					
1	Slide	Houses extractor, striker assembly, and sights.				
2	Takedown Lever (Flat)	Allows the slide to be removed from the frame.				
3	Slide Catch Lever (Flat)	Locks slide to rear upon firing of last cartridge. Can be used to manually lock slide to rear for maintenance.				
4	Sight	The means of aiming the pistol.				
5	Extractor	Pulls spent casings or cartridges out of chamber.				
6	Barrel	Houses cartridge for firing and directs projectile.				
7	Grip Module	Supports frame assembly and magazine				
8	Trigger	When pressed actuates the internal components to release the hammer.				
9	Magazine	Holds and positions cartridges in place for feeding.				
10	Magazine Catch	Locks magazine into grip module. Releases magazine when pressed. Reversible.				



3.0 HANDLING

3.1 PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS





BEFORE LOADING, ALWAYS CLEAN ALL GREASE AND OIL FROM THE BORE AND CHAMBER AND VERIFY THAT NO OBSTRUCTION IS IN THE BARREL. ANY FOREIGN MATTER IN THE BARREL COULD RESULT IN A BULGED OR BURST BARREL OR OTHER DAMAGE TO THE FIREARM, AND COULD CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY TO THE SHOOTER OR TO OTHERS.

Prior to firing the pistol for the first time, we strongly suggest that you perform an initial cleaning and lubrication of the pistol after you unpack it. Any fouling present will have been from final range firing at the factory prior to shipping. Refer to section "7.0 Maintenance" on page 60 for instructions on cleaning and lubricating the pistol. If you have the pistol and ammunition, and have read and understood all of the instructions in this manual, you are now ready to use the pistol.



3.2 MANUAL SAFETY-EQUIPPED PISTOLS

The SIG P365 and P365 XSERIES pistols are offered with an optional ambidextrous manual safety. The manual safety mechanically blocks the sear assembly, preventing release of the striker.

To engage the manual safety, rotate the manual safety lever upward. The manual safety is ambidextrous. Pressing up on the lever from either side will rotate the opposite lever upward engaging the manual safety. The slide can be manipulated with the manual safety engaged.







3.3 MAGAZINE DISCONNECT MECHANISM-EQUIPPED PISTOLS

Some models of the SIG P365 are offered with a magazine disconnect mechanism which mechanically blocks the movement of the trigger, preventing the trigger from being pressed to the rear unless a magazine is inserted.





3.4 LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR (LCI)-EQUIPPED PISTOLS

The SIG P365 is offered with an optional loaded chamber indicator (LCI). The loaded chamber indicator provides a tactile indication that there is a live round in the chamber. In limited visibility situations, the non-firing hand can be used to determine if the loaded chamber indicator is in the elevated position, indicating a live round in the chamber.



ROUND IN CHAMBER



EMPTY CHAMBER



3.5 LOADING THE MAGAZINE

CAUTION

ENSURE THAT THE MAGAZINE IS THE PROPER TYPE AND CALIBER FOR THE PISTOL. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO INSERT MORE CARTRIDGES THAN THE MAGAZINE'S DESIGNED CAPACITY.

1. Press down on magazine follower with cartridge case rim. Ensure that bullet is facing front of magazine.





- 2. Push cartridge to the rear and under magazine lips.
- 3. Repeat until magazine holds desired number of cartridges or is full. Do not attempt to insert more cartridges than the magazine's designed capacity.





3.6 LOADING THE PISTOL

NOTE

Magazines for XSERIES models must have floor plates without tabs. Magazines for standard P365 and SAS models have tabs on top of the floorplate. XSERIES floor plates will function in all P365 models. Standard floor plates will not lock in XSERIES grip assemblies.




- 1. Point pistol in a safe direction. Engage manual safety if so equipped.
- 2. Fully retract slide and lock it to the rear by pushing up on the slide catch lever.



3. Visually and physically inspect the chamber, breech face, and magazine well to ensure that it is clear of ammunition.





4. Insert a loaded magazine, pushing it up into the grip module until it locks in place. You should hear an audible click.





- 5. Release the slide by either:
 - a. Pressing down on slide catch lever, releasing slide forward and chambering a cartridge.
 - b. Pulling back slightly on slide and then releasing it to chamber a cartridge.

CAUTION

DO NOT RIDE THE SLIDE FORWARD. FAILURE TO PROPERLY COMPLETE STEP 5B MAY INDUCE A STOPPAGE.







3.7 RELOADING DURING SHOOTING - MAGAZINE DEPLETED

NOTE

When the last round in the magazine is expended, the slide will be locked to the rear by slide catch lever.

- 1. Engage manual safety if equipped.
- 2. Press magazine catch to release empty magazine.





3. Insert a loaded magazine, pushing it up into the magazine well until it locks in place. You should hear an audible click.

- 4. Release slide by either:
 - a. Pressing down slide catch lever.
 - b. Pulling back and releasing slide.



PECE



3.8 RELOADING DURING SHOOTING - PARTIAL MAGAZINE

NOTE

A magazine does not need to be empty to be removed.

- 1. Keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction.
- 2. Engage manual safety if equipped.





3. Press magazine catch to remove loaded magazine.





THE PISTOL IS STILL LOADED AND READY TO FIRE.



4. Insert a loaded magazine by, pushing it up and into the magazine well until it locks in place. You should hear an audible click.





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4.0 FIRING



WARNING LOADED PISTOL



KEEP FINGER OUT OF TRIGGER GUARD AND OFF TRIGGER UNTIL YOU ARE ACTUALLY READY TO FIRE THE PISTOL.

Keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction and your finger off of the trigger and out of the trigger guard when cycling the slide of any pistol.

Never discharge any firearm with your finger, hand, face, or other part of your body over or adjacent to the ejection port, or in any position where you may be struck by the reciprocating movement of the slide. Both the ejection of empty cartridge cases and the movement of the slide are part of the normal operating cycle of firearms and pose no safety hazard to the shooter if the firearm is held in a normal grip and fired at arm's length.

Never allow other persons to stand beside you where they might be struck by an ejected cartridge case. The case is hot and may be ejected with sufficient force to cause a burn, cut, or other injury. Wear safety glasses to protect your eyes. Make certain that there is a clear, unobstructed path for safe ejection of the fired case. Remember, the case might bounce off a hard object nearby and strike you or someone else.



4.1 STOPPAGES AND MALFUNCTIONS



WARNING STOPPAGE



STOP SHOOTING IMMEDIATELY! UNLOAD AND CLEAR THE FIREARM.

A stoppage is defined as an interruption in the pistol's cycle of function that can be cleared by the operator applying immediate action. Immediate action is the steps taken by the operator to place the pistol back in service without investigating the cause of the stoppage. When practical, always stop shooting and investigate the cause of a stoppage in the manner outlined below.

If while shooting, your firearm develops a stoppage, or a discharged round sounds or feels unusual, stop shooting immediately. It may be dangerous to continue. Do not try one more shot. Keep the firearm pointed in a safe direction and unload and clear the firearm immediately by removing the magazine, locking the slide to the rear and clearing any expended or live ammunition from the firearm, visually and physically checking the chamber, breech face, and magazine well.

With the firearm unloaded and cleared, perform an additional visual inspection of the firearm and the ammunition. If you suspect a bore obstruction, refer to section "1.2 Ammunition" on page 10. If damage to the firearm is found upon inspection, the stoppage persists or a malfunction (defined as a failure of a part rendering the firearm inoperable and requiring the service of an authorized SIG SAUER Armorer) is suspected, take the firearm and ammunition to a certified SIG SAUER Armorer for service.





WARNING COOK-OFF



IF YOUR PISTOL STOPS FIRING WITH A LIVE ROUND IN THE CHAMBER OF A HOT BARREL (A MISFIRE OR STOPPAGE), REMOVE THE ROUND IMMEDIATELY. IF YOU CANNOT REMOVE THE ROUND WITHIN 10 SECONDS, REMOVE THE MAGAZINE AND WAIT AT LEAST 15 MINUTES WITH THE PISTOL POINTING IN A SAFE DIRECTION. THIS WAY, NEITHER THE USER NOR ANY OTHER PERSON WOULD BE INJURED BY THE POSSIBILITY OF A ROUND "COOKING-OFF" (A ROUND DETONATING DUE TO THE HEAT OF THE BARREL). KEEP YOUR FACE AWAY FROM THE EJECTION PORT WHILE CLEARING A HOT CHAMBER.



4.2 MINIMIZING STOPPAGES

- You can help minimize most stoppages by cleaning and lubricating the pistol. See section "7.0 Maintenance" on page 60.
- Cleaning and lubricating your pistol after each range session will reduce the chances of a stoppage due to dirt and residue buildup.
- Perform maintenance if the firearm is exposed to extreme environmental conditions (rain, snow, freezing temperatures, etc.).
- · Periodically inspect the pistol if it is to be stored for extended periods of time without use.
- Most stoppages are directly related to the magazine. Perform maintenance of your magazines as well as the firearm. See section "7.2 Magazine Disassembly" on page 64.
- A good practice is to mark the magazines so you can identify a magazine that is related to a stoppage.



4.3 FIRING THE PISTOL

WARNING EJECTION



THE SLIDE OPENS AND SHUTS QUICKLY WHILE FIRING. KEEP FACE AND HANDS AWAY FROM SLIDE. HOT BRASS, UNBURNT POWDER, AND GAS IS EJECTED QUICKLY AND CAN BURN YOU. ALWAYS WEAR SAFETY GLASSES AND HEARING PROTECTION.



- 1. Aim pistol at a safe target and disengage manual safety if so equipped.
- 2. Press trigger rearward to discharge.
- 3. Keep pistol aimed at target and continue to fire as desired or until magazine is empty.
- 4. Engage manual safety if so equipped.
- 5. To unload and clear, proceed to section "5.0 Unloading the Pistol" on page 51.



5.0 UNLOADING THE PISTOL

When there is a cartridge in the chamber, the cartridge will discharge if trigger is pressed. It is absolutely essential for you to know how to completely unload the pistol. "Completely" means removing the magazine and ejecting the chambered cartridge.



WARNING UNLOAD/CLEAR



REMOVING THE MAGAZINE FROM THE PISTOL DOES NOT PREVENT THE PISTOL FROM BEING FIRED, UNLESS THE PISTOL IS EQUIPPED WITH A MAGAZINE DISCONNECT MECHANISM (SECTION 3.3). PISTOLS NOT EQUIPPED WITH A MAGAZINE DISCONNECT MECHANISM WILL FIRE A CHAMBERED CARTRIDGE WHEN THE TRIGGER IS PRESSED EVEN WITH MAGAZINE REMOVED.

- 1. Always make sure that the muzzle is pointed in a safe direction. Remember to clear the chamber after you have removed the magazine.
- 2. Never assume that any firearm is unloaded until you have personally checked it, visually and physically.
- 3. After every range session, make a final check to be certain that the firearm is unloaded before leaving the range.



5.1 UNLOADING THE PISTOL (MAGAZINE NOT EMPTY)

- 1. Keep muzzle pointed in a safe direction and engage manual safety if so equipped.
- 2. Press magazine catch and remove magazine.





3. Pull slide completely to rear while watching for ejection of a live cartridge. Push up on slide catch lever, locking slide open.





4. Visually and physically check the chamber, breech face, and magazine well to ensure that pistol is completely free of ammunition.



- 5. Press slide catch lever, causing slide to close.
- 6. Unload magazine.





5.2 UNLOADING THE PISTOL (MAGAZINE EMPTY, SLIDE OPEN)

- 1. Keep muzzle pointed in a safe direction and engage manual safety if so equipped.
- 2. Press magazine catch and remove magazine.





3. Visually and physically check chamber, breech face, and magazine well to ensure that pistol is completely free of ammunition.



4. Press slide catch lever, causing slide to close.





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6.0 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Stoppage	Cause	Correction	
Failure to Feed			
No cartridge fed into chamber. Cartridge partially still in magazine	Magazine not properly inserted or is deformed or dirty	Correctly insert magazine or replace magazine	
	Damaged/broken magazine spring	Replace magazine	
	Relaxed grip/shooter induced	Increase grip on pistol	
Failure to Chamber			
Cartridge is free from magazine but not fully seated into chamber.	Dirty chamber	Clean chamber	
	Damaged ammunition	Replace ammunition	
	Weak or broken recoil spring guide assembly	Return to SIG SAUER for repair	
	Relaxed grip/shooter induced	Increase grip on pistol	



Stoppage	Cause	Correction
Failure to Fire	``````````````````````````````````````	
Trigger is pressed but no detonation	Faulty ammunition	Replace ammunition
	Slide not fully locked forward	Pull slide to rear and release
	Damaged/broken striker assembly	Return to SIG SAUER for repair
	Magazine not fully inserted (if equipped with magazine disconnect mechanism)	Insert magazine fully
Failure to Extract		
Expended case remains in chamber	Dirty chamber	Clean chamber/bore
	Broken extractor or extractor spring	Return to SIG SAUER for repair
Failure to Eject	·	
Expended case remains in ejection port	Damaged/broken ejector/slide catch lever	Return to SIG SAUER for repair



7.0 MAINTENANCE



WARNING UNLOAD/CLEAR



VERIFY THAT THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED, VISUALLY AND PHYSICALLY CONFIRM THAT THE PISTOL IS UNLOADED AND CLEARED BEFORE ATTEMPTING DISASSEMBLY OR PERFORMING ANY MAINTENANCE STEPS. FAILURE TO ENSURE THAT THE FIREARM IS UNLOADED AND CLEARED COULD RESULT IN UNINTENTIONAL DISCHARGE, CAUSING SEVERE INJURY, DEATH, OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.



7.1 PISTOL DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Unload/clear pistol. See section 5.0 "Unloading the Pistol".
- 2. Lock slide to rear by pulling slide rearward and pushing up on slide catch lever.



3. Rotate takedown lever clockwise until it stops (P365 SAS requires screwdriver or similar tool).





WARNING PARTS UNDER SPRING TENSION



SLIDE IS UNDER SPRING TENSION. MAINTAIN POSITIVE CONTROL DURING SLIDE REMOVAL TO PREVENT DAMAGE OR INJURY. WEAR EYE PROTECTION

4. Pull slide slightly rearward to disengage slide catch lever, then pull slide forward and off frame.





5. With slide positioned upside down, push recoil spring guide slightly forward to release it from barrel lug.



6. Grasp barrel lug and lift barrel from slide.



NOTE

This level of disassembly is sufficient to allow a thorough cleaning after firing. No further disassembly of the P365 pistol is authorized.



7.2 MAGAZINE DISASSEMBLY

10-Round, 12-Round, 15-Round, and 17-Round Magazines

WARNING PARTS UNDER SPRING TENSION



THE MAGAZINE SPRING IS COMPRESSED. UNCONTROLLED RELEASE CAN CAUSE INJURY. WEAR EYE PROTECTION.

1. Using a punch or similar tool, press in on the insert stud until it is free from the floorplate.





2. Slide floorplate from magazine tube. Maintain control of spring loaded insert.



3. Remove insert, magazine spring, and follower from magazine tube.





12-Round Extended Magazine

- 1. Using a punch or similar tool, press in on insert stud until it is free from floorplate retainer.
- 2. Slide floorplate retainer from floorplate.





3. Remove floor plate, insert, magazine spring, and follower from magazine tube.





7.3 CLEANING AND LUBRICATION



READ AND FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S WARNINGS BEFORE USING SOLVENTS OR CLEANERS. WEAR PROPER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

CAUTION

NEVER CLEAN THE BARREL FROM THE MUZZLE END; DO NOT USE A STEEL WIRE BRUSH, AS IT CAN DAMAGE THE SMOOTH SURFACE OF THE BARREL. USE A SUITABLE CLEANING ROD AND BRONZE BRUSH OF THE CORRECT CALIBER. SOLVENTS CAN BE HARMFUL TO THE SURFACE FINISH OF THE PISTOL. AVOID OVER-LUBRICATION OF COMPONENTS.



NOTE

Do not lubricate the striker or allow lubricant to flow into the striker channel of the slide. This may cause a light strike to the cartridge, resulting in a failure to fire.





Materials Required

- · Cleaning patches
- · Clean Cloth or Rag
- · Bore brush of the proper caliber
- · Cleaning rod
- CLP (Cleaning, Lubricant, Preservative)
- Lubricant, Low Temperature when applicable
- Cleaning Brush

The following instructions are for normal environmental conditions. Clean and lubricate before or after every day the pistol is fired or at a minimum of every 500 rounds.

Slide Assembly

- 1. Remove all of the old lubricant before you reapply.
- 2. Clean the slide assembly with a cloth. You can use a soft brush and CLP to clean excessive dirt and carbon buildup. Ensure that the extractor, rail slots, and breech face are free of dirt and residue.
- 3. Apply a light coat of CLP to the frame rail slots of the slide.
- 4. Lightly lubricate all external parts.
- 5. Do not lubricate the striker assembly or allow lubricant to flow into the striker channel.



Barrel

- 1. Soak a patch with CLP and push it through the bore from the chamber end and out past the muzzle.
- 2. Allow the CLP to soak for several minutes to loosen residue and soften carbon deposits.
- 3. Wipe the exterior of the barrel with a cloth soaked in CLP.
- 4. Repeat step 1.
- 5. Use the bore brush and a cleaning rod to scrub heavy deposits from the bore.
- 6. Repeat step 1.
- 7. Push dry patches through the bore until they come out clean.
- 8. Clean residue from feed ramp with a soft brush and CLP.
- 9. If the pistol is to be stored for a period of time, lightly lubricate the bore and chamber.
- 10. Always remove any lubricant from the bore and chamber prior to firing the pistol.

Recoil Spring Guide Assembly

Do not disassemble the P365 recoil spring guide assembly. It is serviced as a single unit. You should replace it at 2,500-round intervals.

- 1. Clean the recoil spring guide assembly with CLP and a soft brush.
- 2. After cleaning, apply a light coat of CLP.



Frame/Grip Module Assembly

- 1. Using a soft cloth, wipe the frame and grip module assembly.
- 2. Use cotton swabs to clean difficult-to-reach areas. Pay special attention to the frame rails.
- 3. Lubricate the frame rails with a light coat of CLP.
- 4. Apply CLP to accessible functioning parts.
- 5. Using a soft cloth, clean the magazine well of any dirt, dust, or residue.

Magazine

- 1. Wipe the magazine tube and follower with a cloth. Clean the magazine tube and follower with a soft brush and CLP.
- 2. Use a cloth to clean the magazine spring, floorplate, and base plate.
- 3. Apply a light coat of CLP to the spring and outside of magazine tube.


7.4 PISTOL ASSEMBLY

1. Turn slide upside down, and insert barrel into slide.







2. Insert larger outer spring of recoil spring guide assembly into slide. Seat spring guide head centered on barrel lug.





NOTE

Before attempting step 3, you might need to initially raise slide catch lever to allow rotation of the takedown lever.

3. Rotate takedown lever clockwise until it stops.





CAUTION

ENSURE THAT THE SAFETY LEVER IS PUSHED DOWN PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF THE SLIDE ONTO THE FRAME. FAILURE TO COMPLY MAY RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE FIREARM.

4. Continue to hold takedown lever and push slide onto frame rails until it stops at the fully retracted position, then release takedown lever.





5. Lock slide in place by pulling slide rearward and pushing up on slide catch lever.





 Rotate takedown lever counterclockwise until it stops (P365 SAS requires screwdriver or similar tool).

TAKEDOWN LEVER

- 7. Press down on slide catch lever to release slide fully forward.
- 8. Conduct a safety/function check. See section "7.6 Function Verification" on page 82.



7.5 MAGAZINE ASSEMBLY

WARNING PARTS UNDER SPRING TENSION

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THE MAGAZINE SPRING IS COMPRESSED DURING ASSEMBLY. GUARD THE MAGAZINE INSERT AND MAGAZINE SPRING WITH YOUR THUMB TO CONTROL MAGAZINE SPRING TENSION. UNCONTROLLED RELEASE CAN CAUSE INJURY. WEAR EYE PROTECTION.

10-Round, 12-Round, 15-Round, and 17-Round Magazines

1. Assemble follower to the magazine spring.





- 2. Assemble insert to magazine spring.
- 3. Insert follower into magazine tube and compress spring.







Optional 12-Round Magazine

- 1. Assemble follower to magazine spring.
- 2. Assemble insert to magazine spring.
- 3. Insert follower into magazine tube and compress spring.
- 4. Push floorplate onto magazine tube.
- 5. Slide floorplate retainer into floorplate until stud of insert snaps into place, securing floorplate to magazine tube.





7.6 FUNCTION VERIFICATION

The function check is performed on the assembled pistol to verify functionality. It should be performed after the completion of maintenance and after each cleaning and assembly of the pistol.



WARNING UNLOAD/CLEAR



VERIFY THAT THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED. VISUALLY AND PHYSICALLY CONFIRM THAT THE PISTOL IS UNLOADED AND CLEARED BEFORE ATTEMPTING FUNCTION VERIFICATION. FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN UNINTENTIONAL DISCHARGE, CAUSING SERIOUS INJURY, DEATH, OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

SHOULD THE P365 FAIL ANY OF THE PROCEDURES ASSOCIATED WITH THE FUNCTION VERIFICATION, CONTACT SIG SAUER CUSTOMER SERVICE AT (603) 610-3000 EXT. 1

- 1. Ensure that magazine is removed and pistol is unloaded and cleared. See section "5.0 Unloading the Pistol" on page 51.
- 2. Insert an empty magazine into magazine well. You should hear an audible click and magazine catch should hold magazine in place.
- 3. Grasp slide and pull it completely to the rear. Follower of the magazine should push up slide catch lever, locking slide to the rear.
- 4. Press magazine catch. Magazine must fall free of pistol under its own weight.
- 5. Press slide catch lever to release slide to its forward position.







IF THE PISTOL IS NOT EQUIPPED WITH A MAGAZINE DISCONNECT MECHANISM, SKIP TO STEP 9.

- 6. With pistol pointed in a safe direction, press trigger. The striker should NOT be released. Release the trigger.
- 7. Insert an empty magazine. Press the trigger. The striker should release and you should hear and feel a loud audible click.
- 8. Grasp slide and pull it completely to the rear. Press the slide catch lever to release the slide.

IF YOUR PISTOL IS NOT EQUIPPED WITH A MANUAL SAFETY, SKIP TO STEP 12.

- 9. If pistol is equipped with a manual safety, push up on manual safety lever to engage safety.
- 10. With pistol pointed in a safe direction, press trigger. The striker should NOT be released. Release trigger.
- 11. Press down on manual safety lever to disengage safety.





- 12. Press trigger to rear and HOLD. Striker should release and you should hear and feel a loud audible click.
- 13. With trigger still pressed to rear, pull slide completely to rear and release.
- 14. Release trigger. You should hear and feel a light audible click as striker resets.
- 15. Press trigger. Striker should release and you should hear and feel a loud audible click.

CAUTION

NEVER USE A FIREARM OR MAGAZINE THAT SHOWS SIGNS OF DAMAGE OR FAILS A FUNCTION CHECK. VERIFY THE MAGAZINE IS THE CORRECT MODEL AND CALIBER FOR THE PISTOL. IF THE CONDITION OR FUNCTION OF THE PISTOL OR MAGAZINE IS SUSPECT, RETURN THE PISTOL OR MAGAZINE TO SIG SAUER FOR EVALUATION. ALWAYS VERIFY THE CONDITION AND FUNCTION OF YOUR EQUIPMENT BEFORE USE.



8.0 PISTOL ADJUSTMENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION

The P365 pistol is designed for both right and left handed operation along with a variety of hand sizes. The magazine catch may be repositioned to either side based on shooter preference. The grip module may be replaced by the shooter, providing a range of ergonomically correct grip configurations.



WARNING UNLOAD/CLEAR



VERIFY THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED, VISUALLY AND PHYSICALLY CONFIRM THE PISTOL IS UNLOADED AND CLEARED BEFORE ATTEMPTING DISASSEMBLY OR PERFORMING ANY MAINTENANCE STEPS. FAILURE TO ENSURE THE FIREARM IS UNLOADED AND CLEARED COULD RESULT IN UNINTENTIONAL DISCHARGE, CAUSING SERIOUS INJURY, DEATH, OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.



8.1 TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

NOTE

Torque values will be listed as in-lbf for inch pounds of force and ft-lbf for foot pounds of force. If there is no Nylok[®] patch present on the fastener, use specified Loctite[®].

NOMENCLATURE	PAGE	QTY	in-lbf	nm	THREAD LOCKER REQUIRED OR EQUIVALENT
Sight Plate Screws	89	2	8	1.02	LOCTITE 243
Optic Filler Plate Screws	91	2	8	1.02	LOCTITE 243
ROMEOZero Mounting Screws	94	2	9	1.02	LOCTITE 243
AXG Grip Panel Screws	127	2	12	1.35	LOCTITE 243
AXG Magazine Funnel Screw	127	1	12	1.35	LOCTITE 243

NOTE

Fasteners with Nylok patch are reusable. Do not remove Nylok patch if present. Fasteners with Loctite must have old Loctite removed and threads cleaned and degreased prior to applying new Loctite.



8.2 SIGHT PLATE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

8.2.1 SIGHT PLATE REMOVAL

- 1. Disassemble pistol. See section "7.1 Pistol Disassembly" on page 61.
- 2. Use 5/64 in. hex drive bit to remove sight plate screws from the bottom of slide*.



3. Remove sight plate and rear sight.



*Includes patented optic cut technology designed by ZEV Technologies. Patent number: RE47335



8.2.2 SIGHT PLATE INSTALLATION

NOTE

Sight plate screws are for securing the rear sight and sight plate only.

1. Align screw holes of rear sight with holes in slide and use a 5/64 in. hex drive bit to torque sight plate screws to 8 in-lbf.





8.3 OPTIC FILLER PLATE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

8.3.1 OPTIC FILLER PLATE REMOVAL

- 1. Disassemble pistol. See section "7.1 Pistol Disassembly" on page 61.
- 2. Use T10 drive bit to remove optic filler plate screws from top of slide.



3. Remove optic filler plate to expose LCI (if equipped), then remove LCI and LCI spring from top of slide.





8.3.2 OPTIC FILLER PLATE INSTALLATION

NOTE

Optic filler plate screws are for securing the optic filler plate only.

- 1. If equipped with LCI, place LCI spring into slot in top of slide then LCI onto spring.
- 2. Install optic filler plate onto slide and hold LCI and spring in place.
- 3. Align screw holes of optic filler plate with holes in slide and use a T10 drive bit to torque optic filler plate screws to 8 in-lbf.





8.4 ROMEOZERO RED DOT OPTIC INSTALLATION AND REMOVAL

8.4.1 ROMEOZERO REMOVAL

1. Use 2 mm. hex drive bit to remove the ROMEOZero mounting screws from top of the slide.



2. Remove the ROMEOZero from slide and pull it out of shroud (if equipped), ensure to retain battery and Chemical shield.





8.4.2 ROMEOZERO INSTALLATION

1. Insert battery into bottom of ROMEOZero with positive (+) side facing slide. Hold in place, then insert both into shroud (if equipped).



2. Align holes of ROMEOZero, shroud, chemical shield and slide, then place on slide.





- 3. Install ROMEOZero screws with 2 mm hex wrench and torque to 9 in-lbf.
- 4. Refer to ROMEOZero manual for sight adjustment and to zero optic.





8.5 MAGAZINE CATCH REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

WARNING UNLOAD/CLEAR



VERIFY THAT THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED. VISUALLY AND PHYSICALLY CONFIRM THAT THE PISTOL IS UNLOADED AND CLEARED BEFORE ATTEMPTING DISASSEMBLY OR PERFORMING ANY MAINTENANCE STEPS. FAILURE TO ENSURE THAT THE FIREARM IS UNLOADED AND CLEARED COULD RESULT IN UNINTENTIONAL DISCHARGE, CAUSING SERIOUS INJURY, DEATH, OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

NOTE

You can perform this procedure with or without the slide removed from the pistol.

- 1. Ensure that magazine is removed and pistol is unloaded and cleared. See section ("5.0 Unloading the Pistol" on page 51).
- 2. Press magazine catch until opposite side of magazine catch protrudes from grip module. You should see a small hole in back of the catch.



- 3. Press end of a small round pin such as a paper clip, into hole of magazine catch. This will release magazine catch stop.
- 4. Work magazine catch stop out of magazine catch with pin, using a back-and-forth motion.



5. Remove magazine catch stop, magazine catch, and magazine catch spring from grip module.





NOTE

Holding pistol with muzzle facing downward will aid in keeping magazine catch and spring in place for ease of installation.

- 6. Insert magazine catch and spring into the desired side of the grip module and completely press magazine catch.
- 7. Insert magazine catch stop into magazine catch until it snaps into place. Release magazine catch.





8.6 BACKSTRAP REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

8.6.1 BACKSTRAP REMOVAL

1. Use a 3/32 in. pin punch to push backstrap pin out of grip module.





2. Slide backstrap down off of grip module.





8.6.2 BACKSTRAP INSTALLATION

1. Slide backstrap up on to rear of grip module and align back strap pin holes with the slot in the bottom lug of the grip module.





2. Install backstrap pin into pin hole and push until just under flush.





8.7 FIRE CONTROL UNIT (FCU) REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION 8.7.1 FCU REMOVAL

NOTE

Removal of frame pin from the left side of the grip assembly prevents undue wear on frame retaining pin spring.

1. Push frame pin out from left side of grip assembly with a 3/32 in. pin punch.





2. Lift rear of frame and remove FCU from grip assembly.



CAUTION

NO FURTHER DISASSEMBLY OF THE FIRE CONTROL UNIT (FCU) IS AUTHORIZED.



8.7.2 FCU INSTALLATION

CAUTION

THE CUSTOM WORKS P365 (FCU) COMES SHIPPED WITH THE TAKEDOWN LEVER IN THE HORIZONTAL INSTALLED POSITION. USE CAUTION WHEN ROTATING THE TAKEDOWN LEVER FOR FCU INSTALLATION AS THE SAFETY LEVER PIN MAY WALK OUT, CAUSING MISALIGNMENT OF INTERNAL COMPONENTS. IF THIS OCCURS, STOP INSTALLATION AND CONTACT SIG SAUER CUSTOMER SERVICE.





CAUTION

THE MAGAZINE DISCONNECT MECHANISM (IF EQUIPPED) MAY BECOME DISLODGED WHEN FCU IS REMOVED FROM THE GRIP MODULE. VERIFY MAGAZINE DISCONNECT MECHANISM SPRING IS INSTALLED PRIOR TO LOWERING FCU INTO GRIP MODULE TO ENSURE FUNCTION OF MAGAZINE DISCONNECT MECHANISM.



MAGAZINE DISCONNECT MECHANISM SPRING INSTALLED



MAGAZINE DISCONNECT MECHANISM SPRING DISLODGED



1. Angle FCU slightly forward and lower it into grip, lining up trigger into grip module.



2. Push front edge against stop just in front of trigger opening then rotate FCU into grip module.





NOTE

Installing frame pin from left side of the grip assembly prevents undue wear on frame retaining pin spring.

- 3. Ensure rear of FCU lines up with frame pin hole, then rotate the takedown lever to install position.
- 4. Install frame pin into left side of grip assembly.





9.0 SIGHTS



WARNING TRITIUM SIGHTS



SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR DAMAGED NIGHT SIGHTS

SOME SIG SAUER PISTOLS COME EQUIPPED WITH SIGHTS THAT CONTAIN RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL FOR ILLUMINATION DURING LOW LIGHT CONDITIONS ("NIGHT SIGHTS"). THESE SIGHTS ARE COMMONLY MARKED "H3". THE RADIATION SOURCE IS HYDROGEN-3 (H3), ALSO KNOWN AS TRITIUM, CONTAINED IN A SEALED VIAL. SIG SAUER NIGHT SIGHTS CONTAIN LESS THAN 90mCi OF TRITIUM AND MEET THE UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION (NRC) REQUIREMENT 10 CFR 32.23.

THE OPERATIONAL TEMPERATURE RANGE OF SIG SAUER TRITIUM SIGHTS IS -30°C/-22°F TO +60°C/+140°F. THE BETA RADIATION EMITTED BY TRITIUM IS ONLY A HAZARD IF THE TRITIUM VIAL IS BROKEN AND INGESTED OR INHALED. THE BODY DOES NOT EASILY RETAIN HYDROGEN OR TRITIUM AS A GAS. HOWEVER, THE BURNING OF TRITIUM PRODUCES TRITIUM OXIDE WHICH IS 10,000 TIMES MORE HAZARDOUS. FOR THIS REASON, GREAT CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO AVOID FLAME IN THE PRESENCE OF DAMAGED TRITIUM SIGHTS.



AFTER CONTACT WITH A SUSPECTED DAMAGED TRITIUM SIGHT, CAREFULLY WASH YOUR HANDS WITH SOAP AND WATER. DO NOT HANDLE DAMAGED SIGHTS IF YOU HAVE OPEN SKIN CUTS OR ABRASIONS. DO NOT EAT, DRINK, SMOKE OR APPLY COSMETICS IN THE PRESENCE OF DEFECTIVE OR DAMAGED TRITIUM NIGHT SIGHTS.




WARNING TRITIUM SIGHTS



SPECIAL HANDLING FOR REPAIR, RETURN, OR DISPOSAL

END USER IS EXEMPT FROM ANY REGULATORY RESPONSIBILITY.

USE ONLY A PROPER SIGHT INSTALLATION/PUSHER TOOL. USE OF A PUNCH MAY DAMAGE THE TRITIUM VIAL.

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO DISASSEMBLE OR REPAIR A TRITIUM NIGHT SIGHT.

TRITIUM NIGHT SIGHTS ARE EXPECTED TO LOSE APPROXIMATELY HALF THEIR BRIGHTNESS AFTER 5 YEARS. TRITIUM NIGHT SIGHTS SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL REGULATIONS AND SHOULD NEVER BE BURNED.

SIG SAUER WILL RESPONSIBLY DISPOSE OF OLD OR DAMAGED TRITIUM NIGHT SIGHTS.

PLEASE CONTACT SIG SAUER CUSTOMER SERVICE FOR INSTRUCTIONS TO RETURN OLD OR DAMAGED NIGHT SIGHTS FOR DISPOSAL OR TO OBTAIN RETURN MERCHANDISE AUTHORIZATION FOR REPAIR OR RETURN OF ITEMS STILL UNDER WARRANTY.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SIG SAUER P365 pistols equipped with drift-adjustable X-RAY[®] sights have proven their worth under severe conditions. The sights consist of a rear sight and a front sight blade, designed and dimensioned to ensure rapid target acquisition, even when visibility is poor.



CAUTION

SIG SAUER SUGGESTS THAT FIXED-SIGHT CORRECTIONS SHOULD BE PERFORMED ONLY BY A CERTIFIED SIG SAUER ARMORER. OTHERWISE, THE PISTOL COULD BECOME DAMAGED.

9.1 WINDAGE (LEFT/RIGHT) ADJUSTMENTS

WARNING SIGHT ADJUSTMENT



SIGHT CORRECTIONS SHOULD BE PERFORMED ONLY ON AN UNLOADED FIREARM. MANIPULATING THE SIGHTS ON A LOADED FIREARM COULD RESULT IN UNINTENTIONAL DISCHARGE, CAUSING SERIOUS INJURY, DEATH, OR PROPERTY DAMAGE. VISUALLY AND PHYSICALLY CONFIRM THAT THE PISTOL IS UNLOADED AND CLEARED BEFORE MAKING SIGHT ADJUSTMENTS. DO NOT ADJUST SIGHTS ON A LOADED FIREARM.

XSERIES pistols feature drift adjustable front sights and non-adjustable rear sights.

NOTE

SIG SAUER has a Sight Adjustment Tool available that makes it easier to adjust and change fixed sights.

Change windage by moving the rear sight either to the left or right in its dovetail. When you do this, follow the rear sight rule: Move the rear sight in the direction you want the group to go. Moving the rear sight 0.016" in the dovetail changes the point of impact by approximately 3" at 25 yards.





9.2 ELEVATION (UP/DOWN) ADJUSTMENTS

There are different height combinations available for the front and rear sights. The sights are numbered according to their height. You can change elevation by changing either the rear or front sight. There are multiple front and rear sight heights available. Each rear sight number change will move the impact of the bullet approximately 2" at 25 yards. Each front sight number change will move the impact of the bullet approximately 1" at 25 yards.



When changing sights, remember this rule: NUMBERS UP, GROUPS UP; NUMBERS DOWN, GROUPS DOWN. This is true for both front and rear sights.



9.3 BULLSEYE® SIGHT (SAS ONLY)

The P365 SAS features a Meprolight[®] Bullseye[™] optical pistol sight. This sight is a fixed low profile sight that provides an illuminated circle and dot aperture in the shooters field of vision, eliminating the need for a front sight. When aiming with the eye sight, the shooter aligns the dot in the center of the circle at the desired point of impact.



EYE SIGHT PICTURE



10.0 STORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION

10.1 STORAGE

WARNING UNLOAD/CLEAR



YOU MUST UNLOAD AND CLEAR THE FIREARM PRIOR TO STORING THE PISTOL (SEE SECTION "5.0 UNLOADING THE PISTOL" ON PAGE 51).

Never place or store any firearm in such a manner that it may be dislodged. For increased safety, firearms should be stored unloaded and locked in a location that is both separate from their ammunition and inaccessible to children and any other unauthorized person. Use the locking device originally supplied with this firearm for storage. The use of a locking device or safety lock is only one aspect of responsible firearms storage.



SHORT-TERM STORAGE (90 DAYS OR LESS)

- 1. Ensure that chamber and magazine do not contain live ammunition.
- 2. Clean bore and chamber.
- 3. Apply a light coat of CLP to chamber and bore.
- 4. Apply a light coat of CLP to all other metal surfaces for corrosion protection.

LONG-TERM STORAGE (90 DAYS OR LONGER)

- 1. Ensure that pistol is thoroughly cleaned.
- 2. Apply a heavy coat of CLP to chamber and bore.
- 3. Apply a heavy coat of CLP to all other metal surfaces for corrosion protection.
- 4. Wrap firearm with a waterproof material (MIL-B-121 or similar).
- 5. Place firearm in a corrosion resistant barrier bag (MIL-DTL-117 or similar).

ENVIRONMENTAL STORAGE

Provide humidity control to limit the relative humidity to no greater than 40% relative humidity (RH) at 80°F (26.7°C). If personnel will be working in these areas, design to 68°F (20.0°C) dry bulb and 40% RH for indoor design heating conditions, and 75°F (23.9°C) dry bulb and 40% RH for indoor design cooling conditions.



10.2 TRANSPORTATION





YOU MUST UNLOAD AND CLEAR THE FIREARM PRIOR TO TRANSPORTING THE PISTOL SEE SECTION "5.0 UNLOADING THE PISTOL" ON PAGE 51.

IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH THE LAWS OF ANY STATE YOU ARE PLANNING TO TRAVEL THROUGH WITH YOUR FIREARM.

When transporting your firearm to and from shooting activities, keep it unloaded for your safety and for the safety of others. When storing your firearm for transportation, keep it separated from ammunition, under lock and key if possible, and out of the reach of children and other inexperienced or unauthorized persons.

If transporting the firearm in a vehicle, ensure that it is secured within the confines of the vehicle. Should the vehicle become involved in an accident, you do not want the firearm to become dislodged and move about the interior of the vehicle or be ejected from the vehicle.



11.0 REPLACEMENT PARTS POLICY

WARNING

IT IS THE PURCHASER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO BE ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN THAT ANY PARTS ORDERED FROM THE FACTORY ARE CORRECTLY FITTED AND INSTALLED. FIREARMS ARE COMPLICATED MECHANISMS AND IMPROPER FITTING OF PARTS MAY RESULT IN A DANGEROUS MALFUNCTION, DAMAGE TO THE FIREARM, AND SERIOUS INJURY TO THE SHOOTER AND OTHER PERSONS. THE PURCHASER AND INSTALLER OF PARTS MUST ACCEPT FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CORRECT ADJUSTMENT AND FUNCTIONING OF THE FIREARM AFTER SUCH INSTALLATION.

Parts Policy

Our Service Department maintains a full complement of replacement parts. Even though most gunsmiths have the knowledge, training, and the ability to make necessary repairs to your firearm, the skill and workmanship of any particular third-party gunsmith is totally beyond our control.

Should your firearm ever require service, we strongly recommend that you return it to SIG SAUER Inc. A firearm is a precision instrument and some replacement parts will require individual fitting to ensure correct operation. A wrong part, improper fitting, or incorrect mechanical adjustment may result in an unsafe condition or dangerous malfunction, damage to the firearm, or cause possible serious injury to the shooter or others.



IF ANY PART IS ORDERED WITHOUT RETURNING THE FIREARM TO SIG SAUER, Inc. the customer bears full responsibility for ensuring that the part supplied is correct for their particular firearm and is properly installed and fitted by a qualified gunsmith.

SIG SAUER INC. IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE FUNCTIONING OF ANY FIREARM IN WHICH REPLACEMENT PARTS ARE INSTALLED BY OTHERS.

THE USE OF AFTERMARKET PARTS IS NOT AUTHORIZED AND WILL VOID THE WARRANTY OF THIS FIREARM. THE REPLACEMENT OF ORIGINAL EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER (OEM) SIG SAUER PARTS WITH AFTERMARKET PARTS IS UNAUTHORIZED AND IN SOME INSTANCES COULD ALTER THE FUNCTION OF THE FIREARM, CREATING A DANGER TO THE OPERATOR.

Scan the QR code below which will take you to the Small Parts Shopper page at sigsauer.com.





12.0 FACTORY REPAIR OF YOUR FIREARM

If you have questions or concerns regarding the performance or serviceability of your firearm, there are three ways to contact Customer Service:

Before contacting Customer Service, have your firearm's serial number readily available.

- 1. Call us at (603) 610-3000, choose option 1.
- 2. Email Customer Service at customer.vervice@sigsauer.com.
- 3. Go to https://www.sigsauer.com/customer-support where you can message customer service electronically. Scan the QR code below which will take you to the Customer Support page at sigsauer.com.



12.1 RETURNING FIREARMS FOR REPAIR

Please do not ship your firearm until you obtain an RMA number from Customer Service. 118





WARNING DO NOT SHIP AMMUNITION



BEFORE SHIPPING ANY FIREARM, BE ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN THAT THE FIREARM AND ANY MAGAZINES ARE UNLOADED. DO NOT SHIP AMMUNITION WITH A FIREARM.

- 1. The RMA number allows SIG SAUER to track the status of your return from its receipt at SIG SAUER through its return to you.
- 2. Ensure that the chamber and magazine(s) are unloaded and that no ammunition is included with your returned firearm.
- 3. Package the firearm securely to prevent damage. With the exception of extra magazines, do not include any other accessories such as scopes or mounts unless directed to do so.
- 4. Generally, an individual may ship firearms to the manufacturer for repair or service. Some states and localities, however, prohibit this. If you live in such an area, the firearms must be shipped by and returned to a federally licensed firearms dealer.
- 5. Federal law prohibits persons who do not possess a Federal Firearms License (FFL) from shipping a firearm via the U.S. Postal Service. (Note: any shipment of firearms outside U.S. borders is subject to the export laws of the United States and to the valid laws of the specific country, which you must strictly follow; prior to exporting any firearm you should seek legal counsel.)
- 6. SIG SAUER is not responsible for any firearm until it is received, nor for damage incurred during shipment.
- 7. Ship your firearms insured and prepaid (we do not accept collect shipments) to the address provided by Customer Service.



13.0 P365 PARTS DIAGRAM





13.1 P365 XSERIES PARTS DIAGRAM



* INCLUDES PATENTED OPTIC CUT TECHNOLOGY DESIGNED BY ZEV TECHNOLOGIES™, PATENT NUMBER RE47335



13.2 P365 XL PARTS DIAGRAM



^{*} INCLUDES PATENTED OPTIC CUT TECHNOLOGY DESIGNED BY ZEV TECHNOLOGIES™, PATENT NUMBER RE47335



13.3 P365 SAS PARTS DIAGRAM





13.4 P365 SPECTRE COMP PARTS DIAGRAM









13.6 P365 CALIFORNIA COMPLIANT PARTS DIAGRAM FILLER PLATE SCREWS (2) OPTIC FILLER PLATE REAR SIGHT LCI FRONT SIGHT CI SLIDE ASSEMBLY *MAGAZINE DISCONNECT CI SPRING MECHANISM GRIP MODULE BARREL

RECOIL SPRING ASSEMBLY

*The magazine disconnect mechanism grip module is compatible with any FCU equipped with a manual safety. Magazine disconnect mechanisms are only available in California compliant FCU's.



13.7 P365 AXG LEGION PARTS DIAGRAM





13.8 OPTIONAL MAGAZINES

Magazine Springs (Not Shown) are unique to caliber and capacity.

10-ROUND MAGAZINE*



12-ROUND MAGAZINE



15-ROUND MAGAZINE



15-RD X/XL FLOOR PLATE



PLATE

17-ROUND MAGAZINE





14.0 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The following information applies to all P365 models.¹

- · Striker-fired system.
- Left hand or right hand operation (magazine catch repositions to either side, slide catch lever functions from both sides).
- · Glass reinforced or aluminum grip module with integral accessory rail.
- · Interchangeable backstraps available to fit to individual shooter hands.
- Two trigger styles (standard curved, and straight).
- Grip modules feature stippled gripping surface for positive control.
- · Solid high-strength stainless steel slide with front and rear cocking serrations.
- High-contrast or SIGLITE® Night Sights in different heights.
- X-RAY[®] Night Sights available with select XSERIES models.
- Meprolight[®] Bullseye[™] sight is equipped on SAS models.

14.1 SPECIFICATIONS BY MODEL

Specification tables for each P365 model are available on-line by scanning the QR code or visiting sigsauer.com.

¹ Specifications are approximate and subject to change without notice.



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For warranty information on your new SIG SAUER firearm, scan the QR code below. This will take you to the SIG SAUER Warranty Information and Registration page on our website. There you will also be able to register your new firearm and find information about our warranty.





sigsauer.com

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