SAFE USE AND HANDLING OF CO2 CYLINDERS

1. SIG SAUER recommends that you store the CO2 airgun with the CO2 cylinder removed from the gun. This will prevent accidental discharge due to pressure build-up in the cylinder. If you leave the gun under direct sunlight on a bright day, it is better to leave the gun on a cool, shaded outdoor area to avoid the body temperature build-up in the pressurized CO2 cylinder.

2. Make sure that the magazines are unloaded and that no pellet is included with your returned CO2 airgun.

3. Make sure the CO2 cylinder is removed from the CO2 airgun.

4. Care should be exercised to ensure that the gun is not shot with a CO2 cylinder that is low in pressure. Here are some indicators of insufficient pressure:
   - A) The sound of the shot is not as loud as when the cylinder is full.
   - B) Reduced pellet velocity, which may be signaled by the pellet hitting the target, but in a lower position than it would with a full CO2 cylinder (This is the shooting speed has dropped).
   - C) The sound of the shot is muffled.
   - D) The gun may not be able to shoot at all.
   - E) The gun may not be able to shoot at all.

5. SIG SAUER is not responsible for any CO2 airgun until it is received, nor for damage incurred during shipment.

6. Fast consecutive shooting may produce a decrease of temperature in the gun, as well as the CO2 cylinder. This condition can be especially apparent when shooting in cold weather and can be avoided by allowing more time between shots. This permits the gas to increase in temperature and pressure and produce normal velocities.

7. SIG SAUER recommends that you store the CO2 airgun in a safe direction. If you have any doubts about your ability to handle or use this CO2 airgun safely, you should seek professional training.

8. SIG SAUER recommends that you store the CO2 airgun in a secure location. It is the purchaser’s/user’s responsibility to conform to all laws governing use and ownership of CO2 airguns.

9. SIG SAUER recommends that you store the CO2 airgun in a safe direction. Always keep your target and background checked to ensure that there are no obstructions or hazards.

10. SIG SAUER recommends that you store the CO2 airgun in a safe direction. Never point your CO2 airgun at people or animals even if it is not loaded.

REPAIRS & RETURNS

1. A CO2 air gun that is not working well can be dangerous. Do not repair to the gun yourself, this may cause accidents in its functioning. Use the appropriate carbon dioxide rating (11.14, 11.27, 17.39) if a pellet has become blocked in the barrel. Take no further action if it can not be removed. Call SIG SAUER Customer Service at (603) 610-3000 ext. 1.

2. Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

3. Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

4. Before using your new SIG SAUER CO2 airgun, you must take the time to read and understand the common safety rules:

   A) If you do not install a magazine which contains ammunition into the gun are and then change to the magazine, you may cause accidents in its functioning.

   B) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   C) Always use eye protection while handling this product.

   D) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   E) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   F) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   G) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   H) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   I) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   J) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   K) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   L) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   M) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   N) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   O) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   P) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   Q) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   R) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   S) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   T) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   U) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   V) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   W) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   X) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   Y) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.

   Z) Always be certain of what is behind your target. Make sure your target does not conceal a person or some other object which will cause the bullet to strike the wrong target.
WARNING – Do not brandish or display this CO2 airgun in public. It may be confusing to people and may be a crime. Police and others may think this CO2 airgun is a firearm. Do not use or carry this CO2 airgun in situations where it could be mistaken for a firearm.

WARNING – Keep face away from the CO2 cylinder when replacing the CO2 Cylinder. Wear gloves. Escaping CO2 gas could be a routine if several people are in the room.

WARNING – LEAK ASSUMING AN EXPLOSION OR A CHEMICAL REACTS TO THE-release of gases from the airgun. BODY GASES ARE NOT ENOUGH TO KILL BUT THEY CAN CAUSE EXTREME BURNS TO THE SKIN AND DAMAGE THE EYES. KEEP FANS OR SPRAY CANS AWAY FROM CO2 CYLINDERS.

WARNING – Use only 12 gram CO2 cylinders. Any attempt to use other types of gas cylinders could be extremely dangerous and could result in serious injury or death. Gases other than CO2 could result in an explosion or rupture the airgun. Gases other than CO2 could result in an explosion or rupture the airgun. 

DESCRIPTION
1 Front Sight
2 Rear Sight
3 Slide
4 Safety
5 CO2 Compartment
6 Magazine Slot
7 Magazine
8 Rounded Trigger
9 Muzzle

HOW TO OPERATE
WARNING – BE SURE GUN IS ALWAYS POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION. NEVER POINT THE GUN AT ANYONE. ALWAYS ASSURE AND TREAT THE GUN AS IF IT WERE LOADED AND READY TO FIRE.

STEP 1. PUT "ON" SAFETY – POSITION SAFETY SO NO RED DOT IS SHOWING.

With the index finger out of the trigger area, move the safety up to the "SAFE" position andcock the hammer back (fig. J). Pulling the trigger now will not fire the gun.

WARNING – USE EXTREME CAUTION IN OPERATING BECAUSE WHEN THE GUN IS LOADED AND COCKED IT IS NOW READY TO FIRE A BB WHEN THE TRIGGER IS PULLED. WHEN THE GUN IS FIRED THE HAMMER WILL RE-COCK AND THE GUN IS READY TO FIRE AGAIN WHEN THE TRIGGER IS PULLED. KEEP GUN POINTED AT A SAFE TARGET.

WARNING – WHEN THE GUN IS FIRED THE HAMMER WILL RE-COCK AND THE GUN IS READY TO FIRE AGAIN.

WARNING – BE AWARE OF INTENDED TARGET AND BACK STOP/SURROUNDING AREA.

WARNING – USE EXTREME CAUTION IN OPERATING WHEN GUN IS LOADED. INSERT CO2, AND CONNECTED IT IS NOW READY TO FIRE A BB ONCE THE TRIGGER IS PULLED. WHEN THE GUN IS FIRING THE TRIGGER WILL RE-COCK AND THE GUN WILL BE READY TO FIRE AGAIN WHEN THE TRIGGER IS PULLED. KEEP GUN POINTED AT A SAFE TARGET.

WARNING – If the pistol still does not fire, refer to the warning below

WARNING – IF THE PISTOL STILL FAILS TO SHOOT A BB AFTER CHECKING THE FIRE Pin SPRING. THERE MAY BE A MALFUNCTION IN THE PISTOL, THIS COULD REPRESENT A DANGEROUS CONDITION. THERE COULD BE BIGGERS IN THE PISTOL EVEN THOUGH A BB DID NOT SHOOT OUT. ALWAYS TREAT THE GUN AS IF IT WERE LOADED. AT NO TIME SHOULD YOU LOOK DOWN THE BARREL OF THE PISTOL. PUT "ON" SAFE – NO RED DOT SHOWING. REMOVE THE CO2 CYLINDER AND SEND THE PISTOL DIRECTLY TO SIG SAUER MANUFACTURING SERVICES DEPARTMENT (REFER TO SECTION ON REPAIRS).

WARNING – IF A BB DOES NOT FIRE AFTER COMPLETING THE OPERATION STEPS, DO NOT ASSUME THAT THE GUN IS UNLOADED. KEEP THE GUN POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

MAKE THE FOLLOWING CHECKS IF BB DOES NOT FIRE:

1. Gun loaded off – RED DOT SHOWING, when the trigger was pulled. If Not, repeat the operation steps.

2. Was a CO2 cylinder installed and charged? Do not attempt to load CO2.

3. Was the magazine CO2 CO2 cylinder fully into the grip by firm placing the larger end of the CO2 cylinder into the lower portion of the grip (fig. D).

4. Remove the slide lock lever (fig. N) and return the trigger to the rear, (or if shooter has finished firing) PUT "ON" SAFETY - POSITION SAFETY SO NO RED DOT IS SHOWING (refer to STEP 1. fig. 1).

5. BB does not fire:

   a. Put "ON" Safe – NO RED DOT SHOWING, and remove the CO2 cylinder.

   b. Remove the magazine and load CO2 to the rear stop.

   c. Install a new CO2 cylinder by way repeating all operation Steps.

   d. Repeat the operation Steps.

   e. Repeat the section on Troubleshooting.

   f. If not, refer to the warning below

TO UNLOAD BBS FROM MAGAZINE

1. Put "ON" SAFE – NO RED DOT SHOWING (operation Step 3).

2. After removing the magazine (operation Step 5. fig. G) push and hold the magazine follower fully open.

3. Insert the magazine and allow BBs to fall out through port hole (fig. P).

4. Look inside the magazine to be sure all BBs have been removed. If a BB is visible, use Pliers, Screwdriver, etc. to carefully, safely remove the BB from magazine.

CAUTION – DO NOT ASSUME THE GUN IS EMPTY OF BBs OR THE BBs ARE REMOVED FROM MAGAZINE. VERIFY THAT ALL BBs ARE REMOVED. ALWAYS TREAT THE GUN AS IF IT WERE LOADED AND READY TO FIRE.

TROUBLESHOOTING

BB DOES NOT FIRE

WARNING – If a BB does not fire after completing the operation steps, do not assume that the gun is unloaded. Keep the gun pointed in a safe direction.

4. Look inside the magazine to be sure all BBs have been removed. If a BB is visible, use Pliers, Screwdriver, etc. to carefully, safely remove the BB from magazine.

WARNING – If the pistol still does not fire, refer to the warning below

WARNING – If the pistol still fails to shoot a BB after checking the fire pin spring. There may be a malfunction in the pistol, this could represent a dangerous condition. There could be biggers in the pistol even though a BB did not shoot out. Always treat the gun as if it were loaded. At no time should you look down the barrel of the pistol. Put “ON” safe – no red dot showing. Remove the CO2 cylinder and send the pistol directly to SIG Sauer manufacturing services department (refer to section on repairs).

STEP 3. LOAD THE MAGAZINE WITH MAXIMUM OF 16 BBs.

1. Always point gun in a safe direction. Put "ON" safe – NO RED DOT SHOWING (see HOW TO OPERATION, step 1).

2. Push the magazine release button and remove the magazine from the bottom of the grip (fig. G).

3. Move the magazine BB follower fully into the locking notch and hold in position (fig. P NOTE: Make sure the follower is held firmly in the notch before loading BBs into the loading port. A maximum of 16 BBs (177 caliber) can be individually inserted into the magazine loading port as shown (fig. L).

4. Once the magazine BB follower is held securely in the locking port, a maximum of 16 BBs (177 caliber) can be individually inserted into the magazine loading port as shown (fig. L).

5.Once desired number of BBs are loaded into port, CAREFULLY and SLOWLY release follower from notch. NOTE: DO NOT allow follower to rapidly spring back into place. This can cause BBs to eject and cause harm.

WARNING – If the pistol still does not fire, refer to the warning below

WARNING – If the pistol still fails to shoot a BB after checking the fire pin spring. There may be a malfunction in the pistol, this could represent a dangerous condition. There could be biggers in the pistol even though a BB did not shoot out. Always treat the gun as if it were loaded. At no time should you look down the barrel of the pistol. Put “ON” safe – no red dot showing. Remove the CO2 cylinder and send the pistol directly to SIG Sauer manufacturing services department (refer to section on repairs).

6. Close the puncture lever fully and reinstall the grip (fig. F).

7. Move the 12 gram CO2 cylinder fully into the grip by firm placing the larger end of the CO2 cylinder into the lower portion of the grip (fig. D).

8. Push the magazine release button and remove the magazine from the bottom of the grip (fig. G).

9. Close the puncture lever fully and reinstall the grip (fig. F).

NOTE: A slight seepage of gas may occur while closing the puncture lever.

STEP 6: AIMING AND FIRING SAFELY

• ALWAYS point the gun in a safe direction.

• Follow the instructions for inserting and loading CO2 (See Step 2.)

• Do not shoot at hard surfaces or at a surface of water. The BB may bounce off or ricochet and hit someone or something unintended.

• Always choose target carefully, be aware of what is in front, behind, and below the target.

• You are responsible for the trails and travel of projectile.

• BE AWARE OF INTENDED TARGET AND BACK STOP/SURROUNDING AREA.

• Position front sight directly in the middle between rear sight posts as shown (fig. F).

• The top front sight must lay level with the top of the rear sight posts as shown (fig. E).

• Aim gun in a SAFE direction,

• Only the index finger may contact or trigger area.

• DO NOT assume the gun is empty of BBs once the BBs are removed from magazine.

• You are responsible for the trails and travel of projectile.

• Make the following checks if BB does not fire:

1. Was a CO2 cylinder installed and charged? Do not attempt to load CO2.

2. Was the magazine CO2 cylinder fully into the grip by firm placing the larger end of the CO2 cylinder into the lower portion of the grip (fig. D).

3. Remove the magazine (operation Step 5. fig. G) push and hold the magazine follower fully open.

4. Install the magazine and allow BBs to fall out through port hole (fig. P).

5. Look inside the magazine to be sure all BBs have been removed. If a BB is visible, use Pliers, Screwdriver, etc. to carefully, safely remove the BB from magazine.

6. Refer to the section on Troubleshooting.

7. If the pistol still does not fire, refer to the warning below

8. To unload BBs from magazine (operation Step 3).

9. After removing the magazine (operation Step 5. fig. G) push and hold the magazine follower fully open.

10. Insert the magazine and allow BBs to fall out through port hole (fig. P).

11. Look inside the magazine to be sure all BBs have been removed. If a BB is visible, use Pliers, Screwdriver, etc. to carefully, safely remove the BB from magazine.

12. Always treat the gun as if it were loaded and ready to fire.